13.168 REFERENCE

**CONTENTS** 

**DESCRIPTION** 

LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

TITLE SHEET

CROSS SECTION BORE LOGS

SITE PLAN

SHEET NO.

4-5

F-800029

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

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| STATE | STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. | SHEET<br>NO. | TOTAL<br>SHEETS |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| N.C.  | 17BP.R.13.168               | 1            | 7               |

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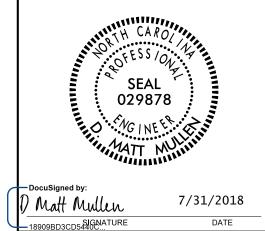
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|              | GOODNIGHT, D.J.    |
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|              | J.C. KUHNE         |
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|              | J.C. KUHNE         |
| DATE JULY    | 29, 2018           |

**PERSONNEL** 



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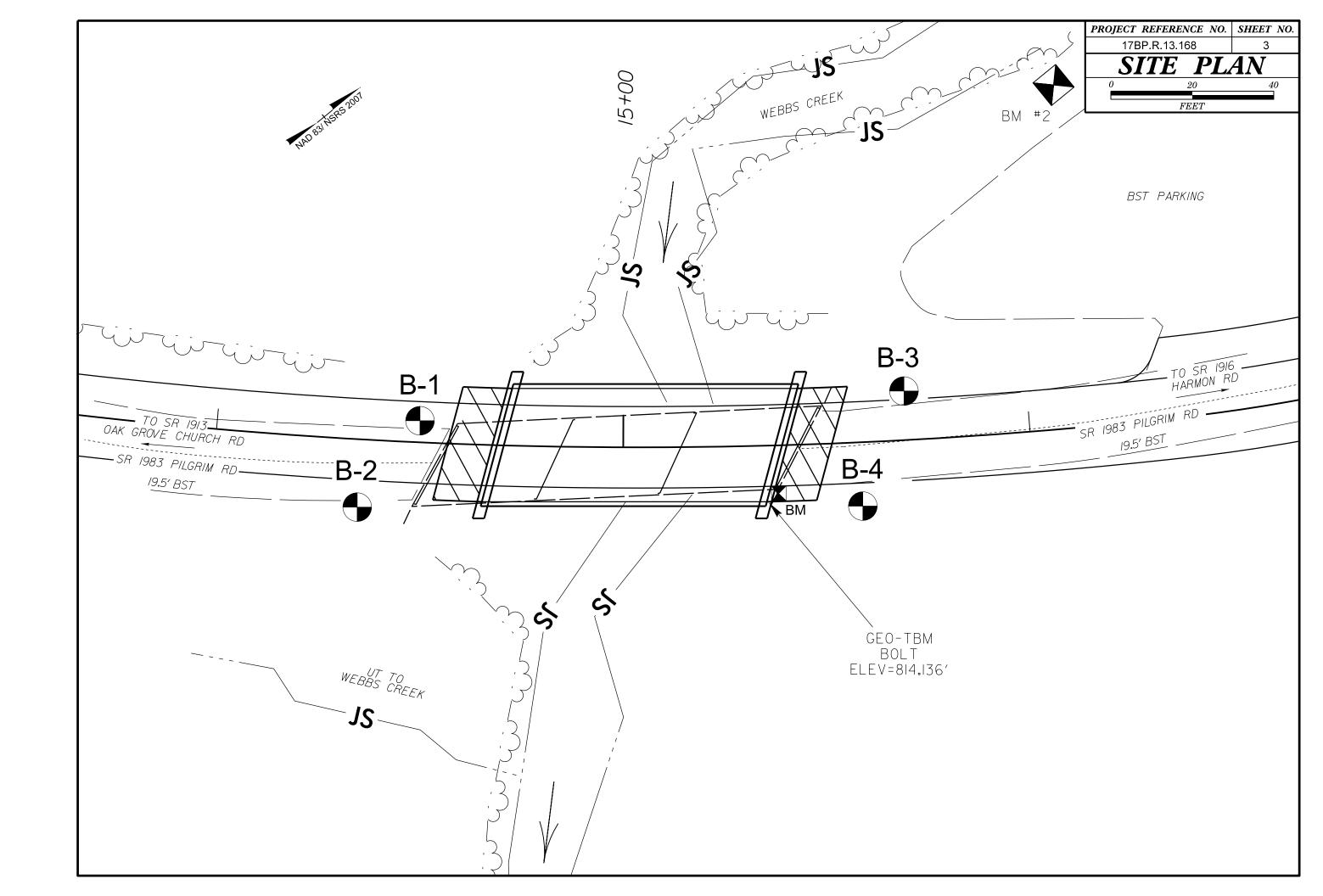
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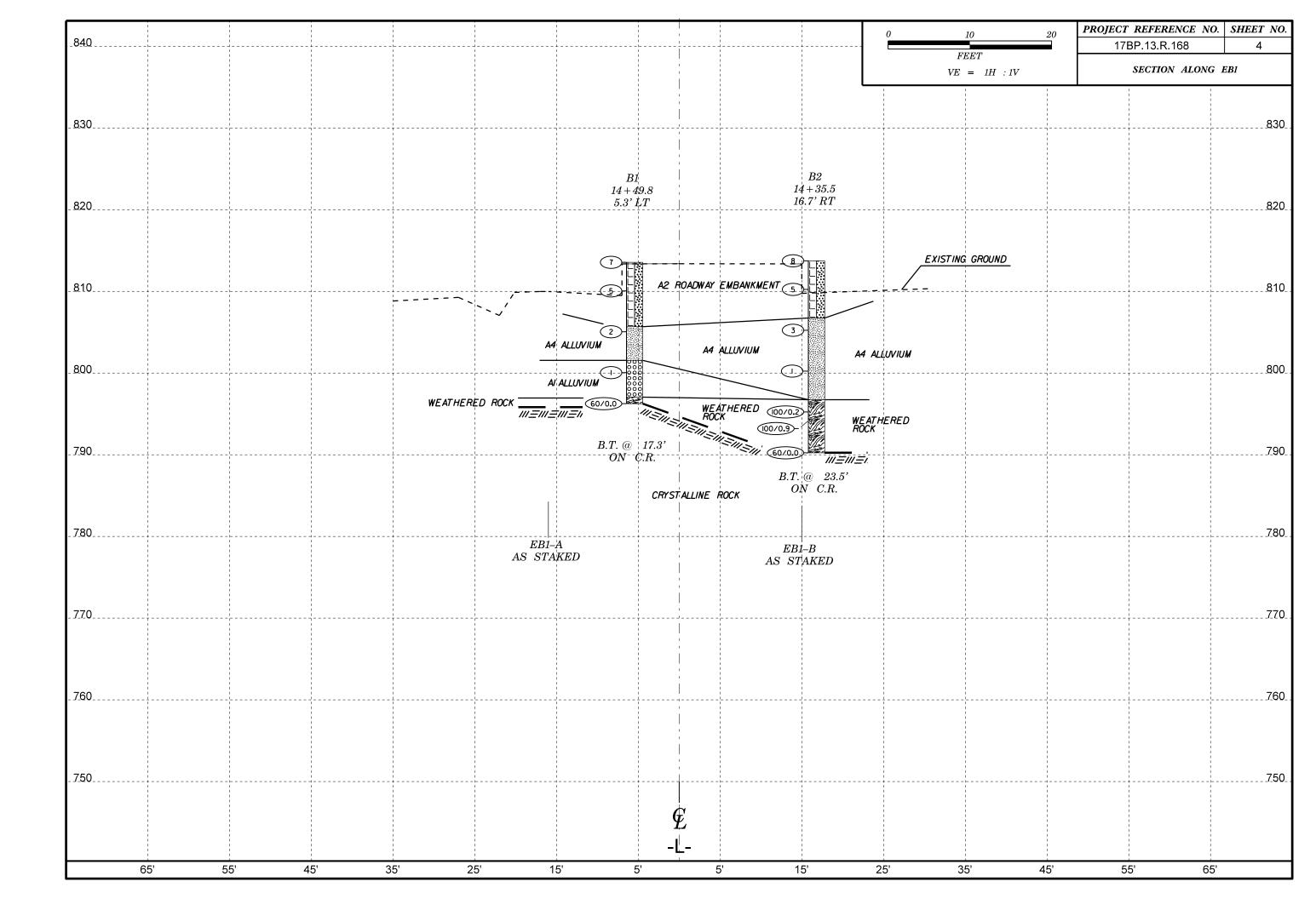
# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

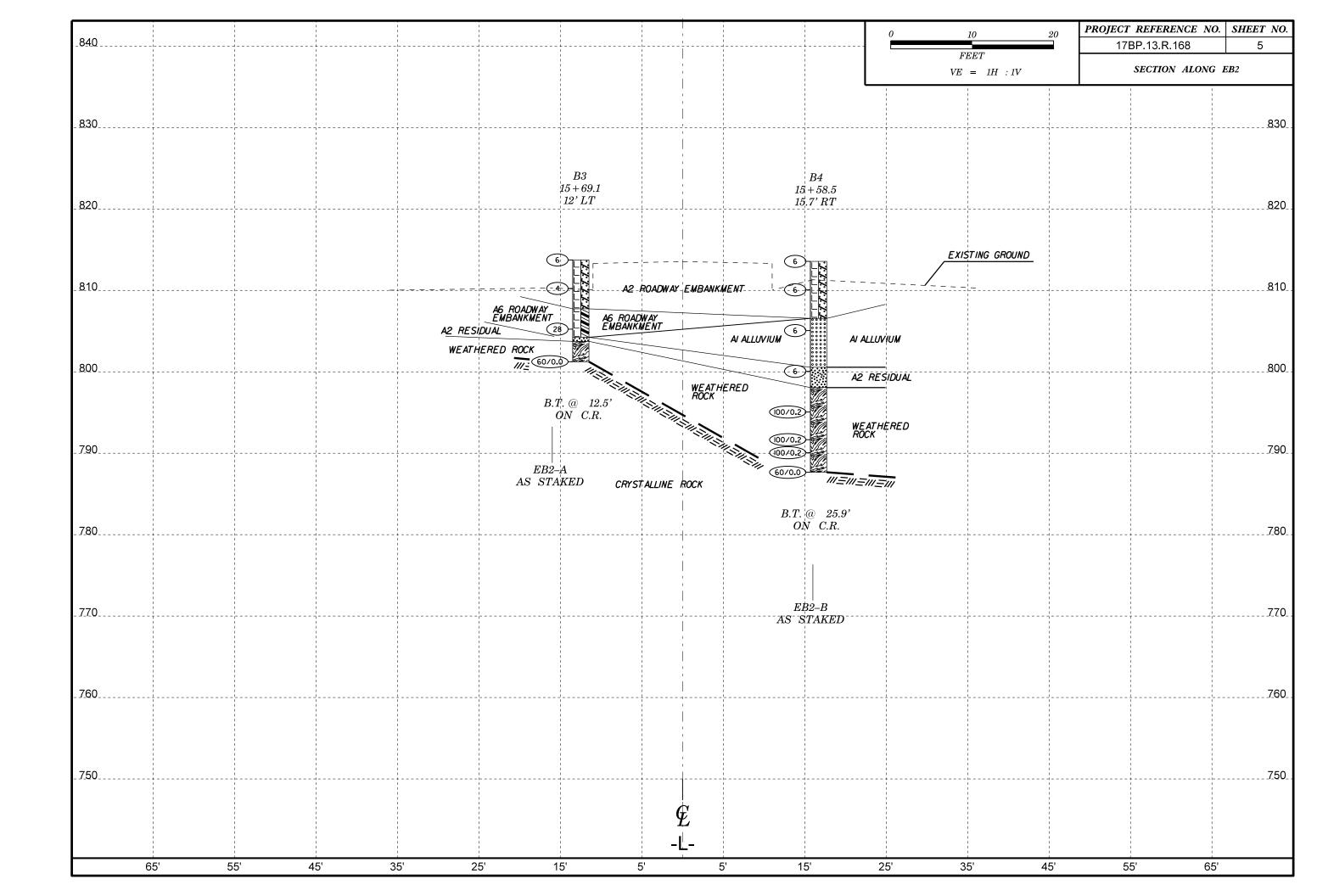
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

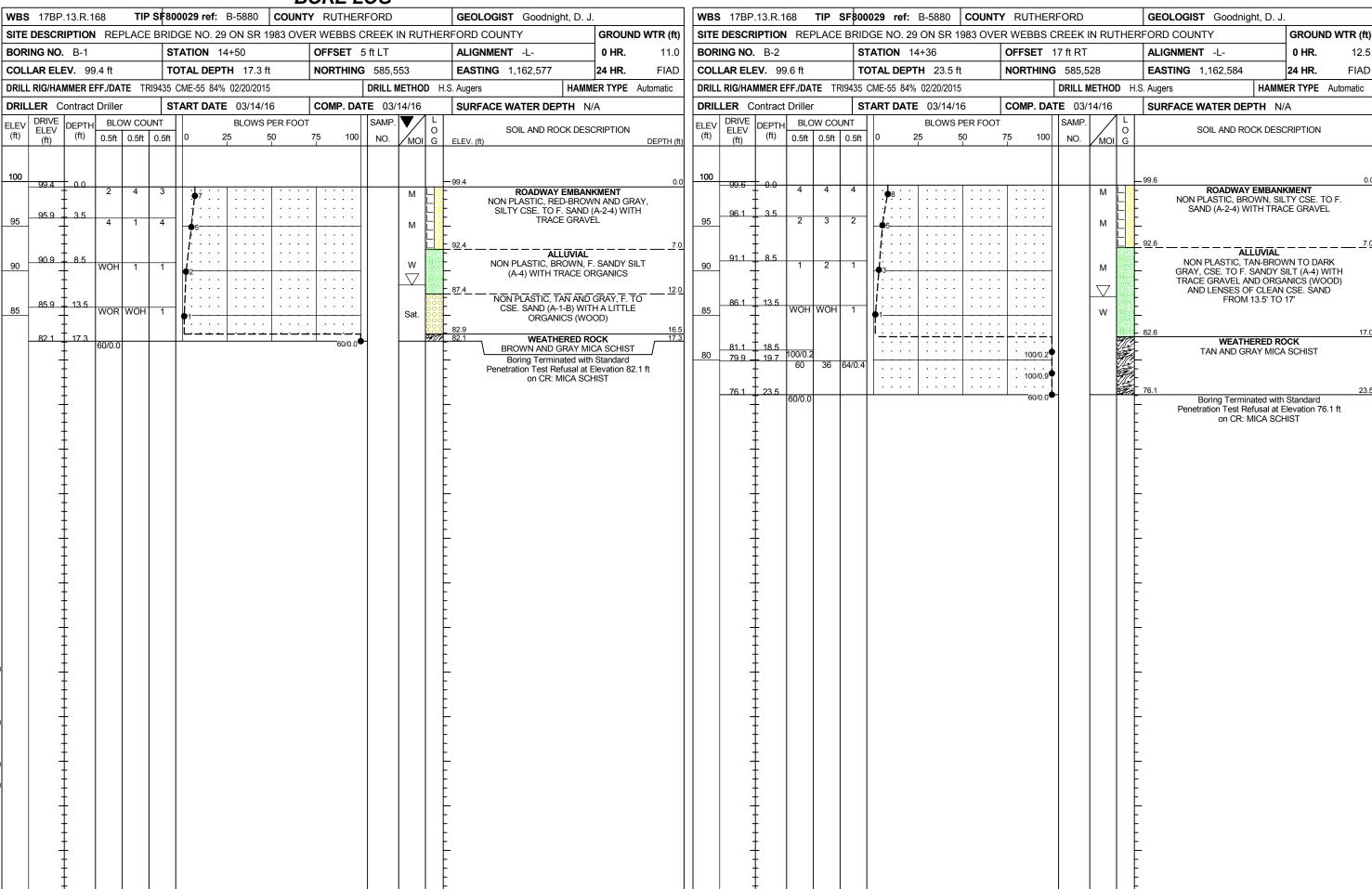
| SOIL DESCRIPTION   | GRADATION  | ROCK DESCRIPTION  | TERMS AND DEFINITIONS   |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS ELIGHT POWER AUGER AND VIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT  | <u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.  | HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.        | ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.  |  |
| ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SDIL CLASSIFICATION   | <u>UNIFORMLY GRADED</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. <u>GAP-GRADED</u> - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. | SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60   | AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.  |  |
| IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH  | ANGULARITY OF GRAINS   | BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.   | ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  |  |
| AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,   | THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:   | ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:  | ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING  |  |
| VERY STIFF,GRAY,SILTY CLAY,MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS,HIGHLY PLASTIC,A-7-6  | ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.   | WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.  | A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.   |  |
|  | JIL LEGEND AND AASHIO CLASSIFICATION MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION   |   | ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND    |  |
| GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS  | MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC.   | CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,   | SURFACE.  |  |
| GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5  | ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.   | UNEISS, CHEBRO, SCHIST, ETC.  | CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.   |  |
| CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-6 A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7  | COMPRESSIBILITY  | BOOK (NICE) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.  | COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM   |  |
| SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000  | SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50   | COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD   | OF SLOPE.   |  |
| 7. PASSING   | HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50  | SEDIMENTARY ROCK STYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED  | CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.                         |  |
| "10 50 MX GRANULAR SIL1" MUCK,   | PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL   | CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING   | DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT  |  |
| *40    30 MX   50 MX   51 MN   SOILS   SOILS   PEAT   *200    15 MX   25 MX   10 MX   35 MX   35 MX   35 MX   35 MX   36 MN    | GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL   | FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER  | ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.   |  |
| MATERIAL   | TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%  | HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.  | DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.   |  |
| PASSING *40 SOILS WITH   | LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%   | VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,  | DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE   |  |
| LL   -   -   40 MX   41 MN   40 MX   41 MN   40 MX   41 MN   40 MX   41 MN   LITTLE OR HIGHLY  | HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE  | (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.   | LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.   |  |
| CROILE INDEX & & & A A MY S MY 12 MY 16 MY NO MY AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC  | GROUND WATER   | SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO   | FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE  |  |
| USUAL TYPES STONE FRACS ORGANIC SUILS  | ✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING  | (SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR  | SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.   |  |
| OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GADE AND SAND SOILS SOILS  | STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS  | CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.  | FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.   |  |
| MATERIALS SANU   | ✓ PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA   | MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS                  | FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.  |  |
| GEN. RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABL   |  | DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED  | FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.   |  |
| PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30  | — ○ SPRING OR SEEP   | WITH FRESH ROCK.  | FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE   |  |
| CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS   | MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS  | MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH   | FIELD.  |  |
| COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED   | TT 25,425  | (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.   | JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.  |  |
| PRIMARY SOIL TYPE CONFIRM CINESS ON PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )  | ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE)  25/825  DIP & DIP DIRECTION  WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION  OF ROCK STRUCTURES  | IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL  | LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO   |  |
| VERY LOOSE 4.4   | SI OPE INDICATOR   | SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED             | ITS LATERAL EXTENT.   |  |
| CRANIII AP LOOSE 4 TO 10   | SOIL SYMBOL  OPT DAT TEST BORING  INSTALLATION  INSTALLATION   | TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.   | LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.  MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS              |  |
| MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 10 30 N/A   | ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING TEST  | IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF  VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE  | USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.  |  |
| (NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50   | THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT  | SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK   | PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE  |  |
| VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25   | ── INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY ————————————————————————————————————   | (V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR   | OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.   |  |
| GENERALLY   SOFT   2 TO 4   0.25 TO 0.5     SILT-CLAY   MEDIUM STIFF   4 TO 8   0.5 TO 1.0   | INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL TEST BORING   | VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND | RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.  |  |
| MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2  | WITH CORE  | SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS   | ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE |  |
| (COHESIVE)   | → SPT N-VALUE  TINSTALLATION  SPT N-VALUE  | ALSO AN EXAMPLE.  | RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  |  |
| TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE  | RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS   | ROCK HARDNESS   | SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT   |  |
|  |  | VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.   | ROCK.   |  |
| U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053   | UNDERCOT AND UNSUITABLE WASTE ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE  | HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED   | SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO        |  |
| BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY  | SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL  | TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.  | THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.   |  |
| BOULDER  | ABBRE VIATIONS   | MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE  | SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT  |  |
|  | AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST  | HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.  | OR SLIP PLANE.  STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF  |  |
| GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005<br>SIZE IN. 12 3   | BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED  | MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.   | A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL  |  |
| SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS   | CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT   | HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE   | WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL  |  |
| SOLI MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE   | CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC  | POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.  | TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY   |  |
| (ATTERBERG LIMITS)  DESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  | DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>  | SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN                      | TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  |  |
| - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY  | DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON  | PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.  | STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL   |  |
| (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE   | F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE   | VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY             | LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.                             |  |
| PLASTIC LIQUID LIMIT   | FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL  | FINGERNAIL.   | TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.  |  |
| BANGE / - WET - (W) SEMISULID; REQUIRES DRYING TO  | FRAGS FRAGMENTS  | FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING  | BENCH MARK: BM#2  |  |
| (PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT  | HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO   | TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS   | BENCH PIANK, DW 2   |  |
| ON CONTINUE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE   | EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT  | VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET  | ELEVATION: 811.73' FEET   |  |
| OM _ OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL _ SHRINKAGE LIMIT   | DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:   | MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED Ø.16 - 1.5 FEET  | NOTES:  |  |
| PENLIPES ADDITIONAL WATER TO   | CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL   | CLOSE   | NOTES:  |  |
| - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE  | X CME-55 G* CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:   | THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET   |   |  |
| PLASTICITY   | X 8* HOLLOW AUGERS   | INDURATION  | ]   |  |
| PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH   | CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS   | FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.   |   |  |
| NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW   | TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS  | RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;  |   |  |
| SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM   | VANE SHEAR TEST CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:   | GENILE BLOW BY HAMMER DISTNIEGRATES SAMPLE.   |   |  |
| HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH   | POST HOLE DIGGER   | MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.  |   |  |
| COLOR  | TRISONE TANKS CARD HAND AUGER  | CRAINS ARE DISCISLED TO SERARATE WITH STEEL PROPE.  |   |  |
|  |  | INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.   |   |  |
| DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).  MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.  | CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST   | EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE:  |   |  |
| , and the second of the second |  | SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.  | DATE: 8-15-1-   |  |
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### GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG



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